Improving Transitions of Care for Kidney Patients

Emergency Department Perspective

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Objectives:

- Discuss motivations for ED usage by dialysis patients.
- Types of patients seeking ED care.
- Interventions targeted towards improving transitions of care.



ED Usage

- Complex patient population:
 - Average just over 2 ED visits/year
 - 68% admission rate from the ED at UMHS (all others 38%)
 - Multiple comorbidities (one study 6.8 unique physician groups in year)
- Some of these patients will have emergent needs...
- Why do others come to ED?
 - Unaware that alternatives exist
 - One-stop shop for needs
 - Convenience
 - Social factors



Patient Types

- From ED perspective, 2 patient "flavors":
 - ED visit related to dialysis complications:
 - Access issues
 - Electrolyte abnormalities
 - Bleeding complications
 - Fluid overload
 - ED visit related to medical comorbidities:
 - Acute coronary syndrome
 - Infection/sepsis
 - GI related
- Interventions towards the two groups have different focus.



Dialysis-related complications

- Communication and education!
 - Patient knowledge of what their dialysis center can provide
 - ED provider/nephrologist communication about expectation
 - Example of blood cultures vs admission
- Resources:
 - Avoidance of admit by quick K+ run in ED
 - Can also reinforce negative behavior
 - Care management/Social work
 - More to come....



Co-morbidity related complications

- Communication!
 - Patient history
 - Example of chest pain rule out
- Clinical Practice Guideline Development



- Identification of care team
- Communication with Nephrology for all ED admits
- Discharge Planning/Social Work in ED
- Alternatives to Admission/Appropriate Sites of Care



- Identification of care team:
 - Care team function in EMR including nephrologist
 - Note type identifies as dialysis patient
- Communication with Nephrology for all ED admits
- Discharge Planning/Social Work in ED
- Alternatives to Admission/Appropriate Sites of Care



- Identification of care team
- Communication with Nephrology for all ED admits
 - Prior to admit process- direct conversation with nephrologist or nephrology fellow for every dialysis patient
 - At least to get them on schedule for run
 - At times to provider alternate follow-up
- Discharge Planning/Social Work in ED
- Alternatives to Admission/Appropriate Sites of Care



- Identification of care team
- Communication with Nephrology for all ED admits
- Discharge Planning/Social Work in ED
 - SW 24/7
 - Discharge planning afternoons and evenings
 - Provider alternative resources/arrange follow-up
- Alternatives to Admission/Appropriate Sites of Care



- Identification of care team
- Communication with Nephrology for all ED admits
- Discharge Planning/Social Work in ED
- Alternatives to Admission/Appropriate Sites of Care
 - Clinical Practice Guideline Development
 - Atrial fibrillation
 - Chest Pain
 - Syncope
 - Rapid follow-up for low risk conditions
 - Cellulitis
 - Gastroenteritis



Results:

- Unfortunately all anecdotal at this point....
- Clearly have increased communication between ED and nephrology.
- Will continue aggressive work on alternatives to admission strategies.



Questions?

